Lasioglossum sablense

- Present
- Presence Expected
- Historical

NatureServe Canada

Ecosystem-based Automated Range (EBAR)

Date Generated: March 9, 2023; Version: 1.0; Stage: Expert Reviewed (Global); Scope: Global

Synonyms Used: None

0 3 6 km

Input Records - 3 ACCDC Observations, 2 Gibbs 2010 (Zootaxa), 1 NCC Endemics Literature; Expert Reviews - Jason Gibbs, John Klymko

Map centre: 59.9338°W 43.9886°N

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EBAR is relatively coarse scale data and not intended for all applications and analysis. Please see full disclaimer in metadata.

Ecosystem-based Automated Range (EBAR) Metadata

Species

National Scientific Name:	*Lasioglossum sablense* Gibbs, 2010
Scientific Name Reference:	Gibbs, J. 2010. Revision of the metallic species of *Lasioglossum* (*Dialictus*) in Canada (Hymenoptera, Halictidae, Halictini). Zootaxa 2591:1-382.
National English Name:	Sable Island Sweat Bee
National French Name:	Halicte de l'île de Sable
Element National ID:	870091
Element Global ID:	869439 (go to NatureServe Explorer)
Element Code:	IIHYM76150
Endemism Type:	Y
Canadian COSEWIC Name:	
Canadian COSEWIC ID:	1279

Rank/Status

Global Rank:	G1G2 (reviewed September 09, 2022)
National Rank (Canada):	N1N2 (reviewed 2022)
Subnational Ranks (Canada):	NS=S1S2
National Rank (United States):	None
Subnational Ranks (United States):	None
National Rank (Mexico):	None
Subnational Ranks (Mexico):	None
Canadian SARA Status:	Threatened/Menacée (May 30, 2018)
Canadian COSEWIC Status:	Threatened (November 28, 2014)
US ESA Status:	None

Range Map

Date Generated:	March 09, 2023
Version:	1.0
Stage:	Expert Reviewed (Global)
Scope:	Global
Metadata:	Primary Species - *Lasioglossum sablense* Gibbs, 2010 Input Records - 3 ACCDC Observations, 2 Gibbs 2010 (Zootaxa), 1 NCC Endemics Literature; Expert Reviews - Jason Gibbs, John Klymko
Comments:	None Please see spatial data for Ecoshape-level reviewer comments.
Disclaimer:	Please review our methods document before using EBAR. EBAR range data are relatively coarse scale and appropriate for screening and education purposes, but are not intended for all types of applications and analysis. The absence of data in any geographic areas does not necessarily mean that a species is not present. An ecoshape with a presence value does not necessarily mean that a species is present throughout the entire geographic area.
Presence Definitions:	(Please see Comments above for any exceptions) Present - the species is found within the ecoshape based on species observation data, Element Occurrences, Source Features, Canadian Federal Critical Habitat, or expert opinion. Presence Expected - expert opinion the species may be present, or the ecoshape overlapped with a range estimate or a habitat suitability model. Historical - all species occurrence data within the ecoshape contains observation data greater than 40 years old or an Element Occurrence (EO) that was ranked as Extirpated or Historical (EO Rank of H, H?, X or X?).
Usage Type Definitions:	(Please see Comments above for any exceptions) Breeding - the species is thought to breed within the ecoshape based on eBird Breeding and Behaviour Codes or expert opinion. Possible Breeding - the species is probably or possibly breeding within the ecoshape based on eBird, BBA or jurisdiction Breeding and Behaviour Codes, or on expert opinion.
Map Projection:	North America Albers Equal Area Conic (WKID 4269)

Credits

Suggested Citation:	NatureServe Canada, 2020. Ecosystem-based Automated Range (EBAR) for Lasioglossum sablense, Version 1.0, Expert Reviewed (Global) (Global Scope). Ottawa, Canada. Retrieved from [insert url] on [insert date]
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Project Website:	www.natureserve.org/canada/ebar
Contact:	ebar-kba@natureserve.ca
Input References:	ACCDC Observations - Atlantic Canada Conservation Data Centre Gibbs 2010 (Zootaxa) - Gibbs, J. (2010) Revision of the metallic species of Lasioglossum (Dialictus) in Canada (Hyemoptera, Halictidae, Halctini) Zootaxa, 2591: 1-382 NCC Endemics Literature - Nature Conservancy of Canada
Reviewers by Taxa:	Reviewers by Taxa